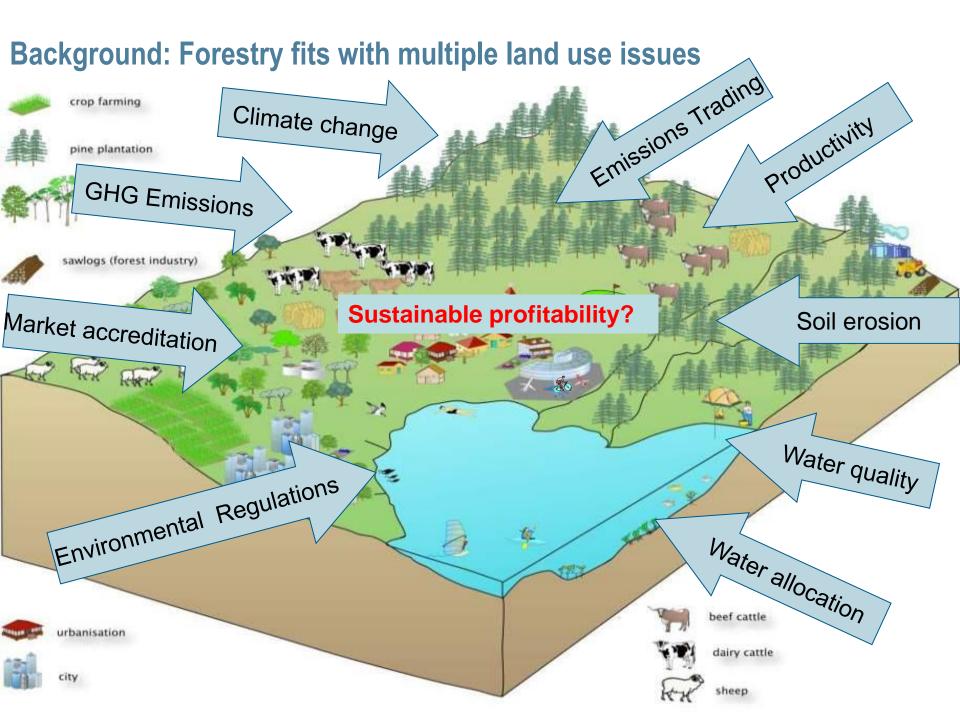


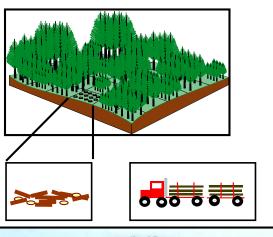
Evaluating forestry as a land use opportunity





Forestry specific issues not in Farmer Solutions Project

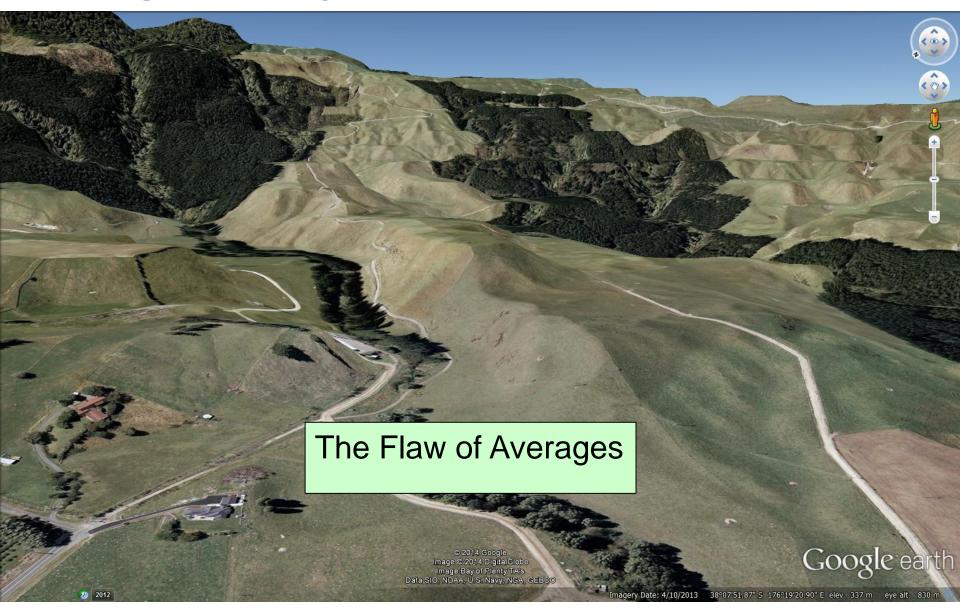
- Location slope, roading, waterways
- Timing planting rate, tending, harvest
 - = Farm Forestry business model
- Productivity, Regional wood supply, succession planning
- Target market, Tax minimisation
- Aesthetics species, mosaics,
 planting rows, boundaries







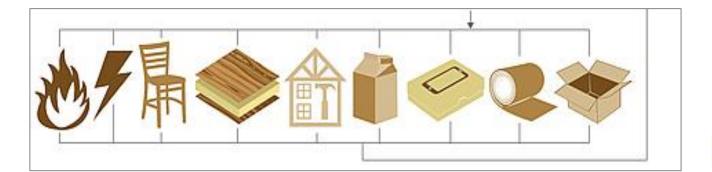
Planning of forestry in the landscape





What target market for end products

- Solid wood lumber, posts & poles
- Engineered Laminated beams, LVL, CLT
- Panels MDF, particle Board, Pylwood
- Fibre export pulp, tissues, newsprint, packaging
- Extractives transport fuel, tall oil, cleaning products, disinfectants, inks, fragrances, soaps
- Health products Antioxidants & anti-inflammatory bioflavonoids from bark www.enzogenol.com





New directions in forest production

Environmental services:

- Conservation of biodiversity
- Water quality
- Flood protection
- Soil stability
- Recreation
- Carbon storage

>>> Economic frameworks developing to monetarise these services e.g. ETS

Feedstocks for new industries:

Biofuels, bioproducts and biorefineries

Likely to drive species diversification and new forest management systems









In 1 cubic metre of wood there is:

- 0.5 m3 Lumber or Fibre
- 650kg CO₂ gas
- 6.9 Gigajoules of heat (\$300 electricity)
- 95 litres biodiesel
- 140 litres ethanol



Tools: Consider the spatial and temporal scale

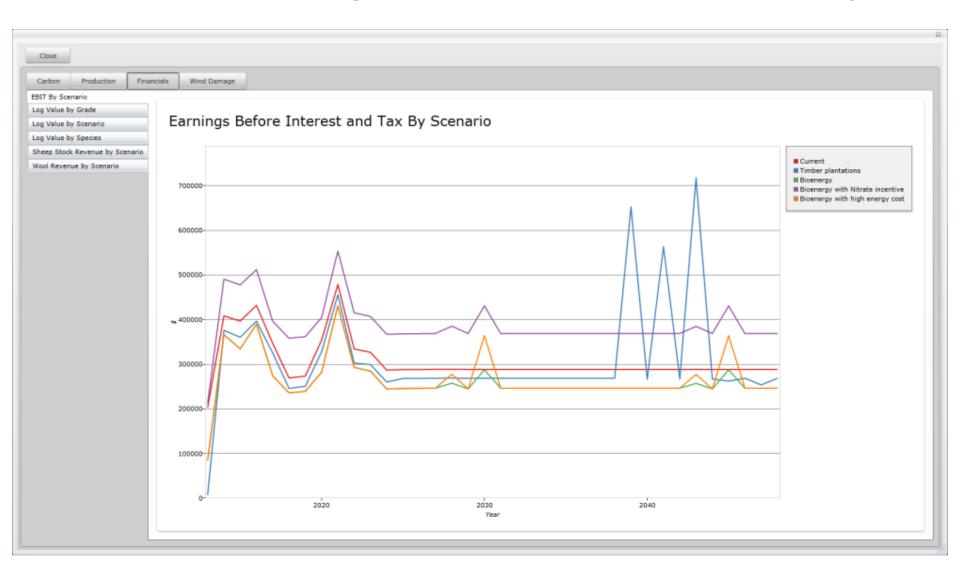
Spatial scale

		Property	Catchment	Regional	National	
<1 year	Operational	P-Plus Where's my Cows TracMap	GLEAMS	NA	NA	
1-3 Years	Tactical	Farmax, Overseer	·		LURNZ LSM	
3-30			CLUES		LURNZ	
years	Strategic	MyLand	NZFarm	LURNZ	LSM	

N Reduction is a strategic decision



The bottom line: Long term cash flow for whole property





Summary

 Forestry provides a broad range of future positive outputs that should not be evaluated as a 1 year event using todays prices

 Forestry has specific requirements in location and timing that cannot be generalised into an average per ha analysis

 Farmer Solutions Project study is a beginning & informs "critical discussion"

 Information on the forest options may need better communication?



Webber presentation

EFS - Pastoral Farming

DAID)/	
DAIRY	2010 base @ 56kgN
Effective Grazing Area	200
Cows in milk 15 Dec	550
Milking cows per ha	2.75
Milk Production (kg MS)	170,500
kg MS / ha	853
Gross Farm Revenue (GFR)	\$ 1,105,376
GFR / ha	\$ 5,527
Gross Farm Expenditure (GFE)	\$ 722,390
GFE / ha	\$ 3,612
EFS	\$ 382,986
EFS / ha	\$ 1,915

DRYSTOCK	2010 Base @ 16kgN
Effective Grazing Area (ha)	400
Stock units wintered	4786
Stock units / ha	12
Sheep su	2645
Lambing %	125
Wool Weight (kg)	4.7
Sheep death %	6
Cattle su	2141
Calving %	90
Cattle death %	1
Gross Farm Revenue (GFR)	\$ 465,856
GFR / ha	\$ 1,165
Gross Farm Expenditure (GFE)	\$ 371,947
GFE / ha	\$ 930
EFS	\$ 93,909
EFS / ha	\$ 235

FORESTRY LEASE

- Historical \$150/ha p.a.
- Recently quoted \$200/ha p.a.

Beef + Lamb New Zealand E							
Sheep and Beef Farm Survey - Performance Indicators Per Farm Analysis							
Class 4 N.I. Hill Country - New Zealan							
				Provisional	Estimate		
	2009-10	2010-11	2011-12	2012-13	2013-14		
Financial Indicators							
Economic Farm Surplus \$ per hectare	29.59	129.36	234.71	70.14	147.46		
Rate of Return on Total Farm Capital %	0.3	1.3	2.5	0.7	1.6		
Equity as % of Total Assets	73	72	74	73	74		
	@ D	ast . I smb	Now Zoolow	J 5	2amilea 2014		
© Beef + Lamb New Zealand Economic S							

FSP Report

Current forestry right payment

\$150.00

Table 2: NPV analysis of commercial plantation *Pinus radiata* forestry in the Rotorua district (Source: BOPRC, PF Olsen, Perrin Ag Consultants Ltd)

FORESTRY INVESTMENT CLEAR WOOD MANAGEMENT REGIME AREA to be replanted (ha) YEAR 1 YEAR 2 YEAR 3 YEAR 5 YEAR 6 YEAR 7 YEAR 8 YEAR 9 YEAR 10 YEAR 11 YEAR 12 - 27 YEAR 28 833 Pre-plant release 667 Supply, plant and release Releasing Survival and Releasing Assessment \$ 8 800 \$ Pruning 800 \$ 800 800 Thinning Management/Protection/Maintenance Mapping & Stand Records 27 \$ 2 \$ \$ \$ 49 \$ 10 10 10 \$ 2 Fire Levy & Water Points \$ \$ 2 \$ 2 2 \$ 2 Forest Health & Dothistroma Control \$ \$ \$ 22 \$ \$ 4 \$ \$ 4 24 \$ \$ 7 \$ 7 \$ 7 Pest & Weed Control 18 \$ 18 \$ \$ \$ 7 \$ Property Maintenance 5 \$ 5 \$ 5 \$ 5 \$ 5 \$ 5 5 5 \$ \$ 5 5 \$ Road & Track Maintenance 5 \$ 5 \$ \$ \$ 5 \$ 5 \$ 5 5 \$ 5 5 5 10 15 \$ 10 \$ 10 \$ 15 15 \$ 15 15 Insurance 5 \$ 15 \$ \$ 15 \$ 100 \$ 100 \$ 100 100 \$ 100 100 100 \$ 100 100 100 Rates 100 \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ 100 Management \$ \$ 7 \$ \$ \$ 7 \$ 7 \$ 7 \$ 7 \$ \$ Total cost \$ per Hectare 1,667 155 1,007 956 976 147 147 147 147 **TOTAL COST** 1,667 \$ 155 \$ 141 141 1,007 956 956 976 \$ 147 147 147 \$ 147 \$ 42,000 estimated stumpage(net log revenue)/ha TOTAL INCOME 42,000 **CASHFLOW** 1,667 -\$ 155 -\$ 141 -\$ 141 -\$ 1,007 -\$ 956 -\$ 956 -\$ 976 -\$ 147 -\$ 147 147 -\$ 147 \$ 42,000 capital for land **TOTAL CASHFLOWS** 1.667 -\$ 155 -\$ 141 -\$ 1.007 -\$ 956 -\$ 956 -\$ 976 -\$ 147 -\$ 147 -\$ 147 -\$ 147 \$ 42.000 NPV \$4,703.51 discount rate 5.0% 7.84% internal rate of return Annual Annuity = \$316/ha p.a.; **NPV= \$4,704** NPV per ha \$4,703,51 Equivalent annuity over 28 years \$315.71 Nil Carbon, Nil Incentives, Nil rental paid

FSP Replicate – no carbon, no incentives grant

Example Drystock	30	30 yrs		na		PER HECT	TARE (PRUNED REGIME)			
Converted Areas	ha	Grant	Establish (Yr1)	Release (Yr2)	Prune 1 (Yr5)	Prune 2 (Yr7)	Thin (Yr8)	Prune 3 (Yr9)	Sales (Yr30)	
ex Established Gorse	0	\$0	\$3,500	\$200	\$900	\$700	\$500	\$700	\$40,000	
ex 50:50 Gorse & Pasture	0	\$0	\$2,500	\$100	\$800	\$600	\$400	\$600	\$42,000	
ex Pasture	1	\$0	\$1,500	\$50	\$800	\$600	\$400	\$600	\$44,000	
								Average		
Total converted (ha)	1							Timber Sales/ha:		
Unavailable Area	50				Total rates		30	YEAR RETURNS		
Total Area Assessed (ha)	51				\$100		Grants	Received	\$0	
			Interest Rec'd	Interest Paid	Rates p.a.	Mgmt per ha	Timb	er Sales	\$44,000	
Perrin Base Annual Annuity			5.00%	10.00%	\$100	\$7	Carbon	Revenue	\$0	NPV
Carbon (simple average)				Annuity		Simple av/ha/yr				5.00%
	Per ha							Net Total BASE		
Grant (simple average)	<u>/</u> yr		\$150	\$300)	\$1,178.63		Return	\$35,359	\$4,605
	La	nd-owne	Payments			\$150.00	less Lando	owner Payments	-\$4,500	
								After Landowner		
	Pe	r year	\$150	\$150		\$1,028.63		Payment	\$30,859	\$2,299

Cashflow negative throughout, even with landowner payments @ nil/ha p.a. (demo)

Carbon

NZCF Ltd

- av. \$171/ha p.a
- subject to area cap
- 25yrs min. term
- expires 30/09/15



Carbon Lease - Terms Sheet

Offer Date:

1 July 2014

Property Description:

BOP Regional Council Land Use Change Programme

Owner/Lessor:

TBC

Lessee:

Subsidiary of New Zealand Forest Leasing Limited.

Total Eligible Hectares:

100ha (mininsum)

Age Class:

New plantings

Variety:

Radiata (clearwood tending regime).

Lease Termi:

25 years (minimum)

Lease Start Date:

Year of planting

Annual Rental:

Rampiup to \$205 per eligible hectare pair GST (see table below).

Payment table:

Payable on 31 August (ar most y)

YEAR	RENTAL
Planting year + 1 years	\$20/ha
Planting year + 2 years	\$40/ha
Planting year + 3 years	\$75/he
Planting year 4 years	\$115/ha
Planting year + 5 years	\$160/ha
Year 6+	\$205/ha

Carbon Insurance:

Arranged and paid by NZFL from lease start date.

Conditions:

- 1. The owner being satisfied with the terms of the lease and logal opinions.
- 2. Registered lease on the terms of this fetter of offer.

This offer remains open for acceptance until 30 September 2015 by. Is subject to there still being space in our Lease Programme.

New Zealand Forest Leasing Limited by Andy Martin

Accepted on behalf of the owner by Authorised Signatory

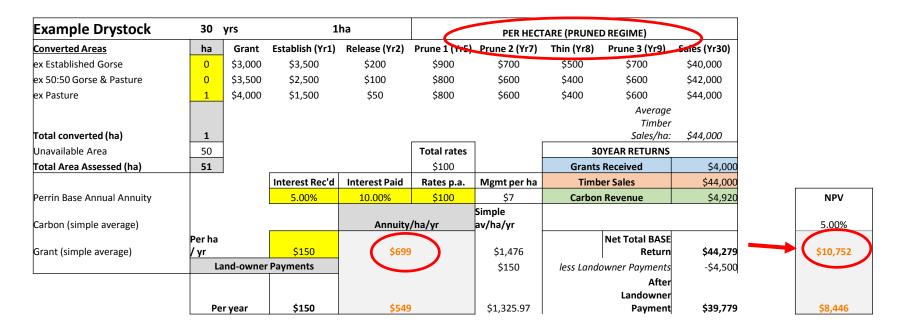
So ... add the Incentives Grant & Carbon Contract

Assumptions

- 1. Overseer 5 scenarios + NDAs at 35/13 for dairy/drystock
- Hence 10kgN/ha to sell for drystock; ca.30kgN/ha for dairy
- 3. 'Below-line' N price approx. \$400 per kg
 - limited land supply will limit market tension
 - hence, \$4000/ha for drystock; \$12,000/ha for dairy
- 4. Carbon offer averaging \$171/ha over a 28 year cycle
- 5. No allowance for land value depreciation
 - will address this subsequently

FSP Replicate + carbon + incentives grant

ex DRYSTOCK (1ha)



Cashflow remains positive only if landowner payments are nil (demo)

NPV & Annual Annuities

Summary of Contribution to Improving Annuity

	Mgmt	Rotation	Carbon	N Grant	NPV \$/ha	Annual Annuity \$/ha/yr	Partitioned Annuity \$/ha/yr	
Drystock example					\$3,613	\$235		
Dairy Example					\$29,438	\$1,915		
Drystock Forestry Conversion Scenarios								
Radiata pine plantation	Pruned	30	N	N	\$4,605	\$300	\$300	Forestry base line
Radiata pine plantation	Pruned	30	Υ	N	\$6,942	\$452	\$152	From Carbon
Radiata pine plantation	Pruned	30	Υ	Υ	\$10,752	\$699_	\$248	_From N Grant
						-	\$699	_
Dairy Forestry Conversion Sce	narios							
Radiata pine plantation	Pruned	30	N	N	\$4,605	\$300	\$300	Forestry base line
Radiata pine plantation	Pruned	30	Υ	N	\$6,942	\$452	\$152	From Carbon
Radiata pine plantation	Pruned	30	Υ	Υ	\$18,371	\$1,195	\$743	_From N Grant
						-	\$1,195	_

Summary

- 1. The greatest opportunity is for legacy land
- 2. EFS for average NZ drystock farm in last 5 years has ranged from \$30-\$235 /ha; dairy approx. \$1,915/ha
- 3. FSP annual annuity projection for forestry was \$316 /ha
- 4. In addition there is a medium-term carbon opportunity of \$171/ha – this is capped and will expire
- 5. In addition there is an incentive grant opportunity which could be as high as \$4,000 /ha for a property with an NDA of 13kgN/ha
- 6. A pruned regime + carbon + incentive = \$699/ha (ex drystock); \$1,195/ha (ex dairy) with capital impact in addition
- 7. 'The early-bird will get the worm'

Thank you