

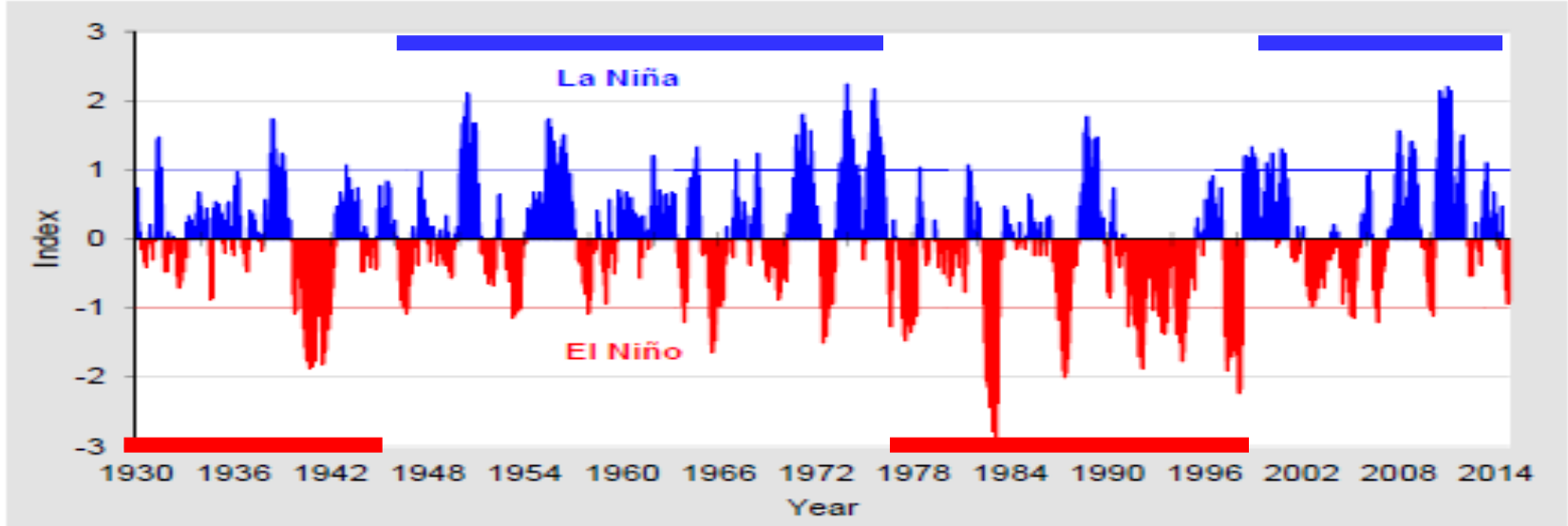
Climate change in the Bay of Plenty

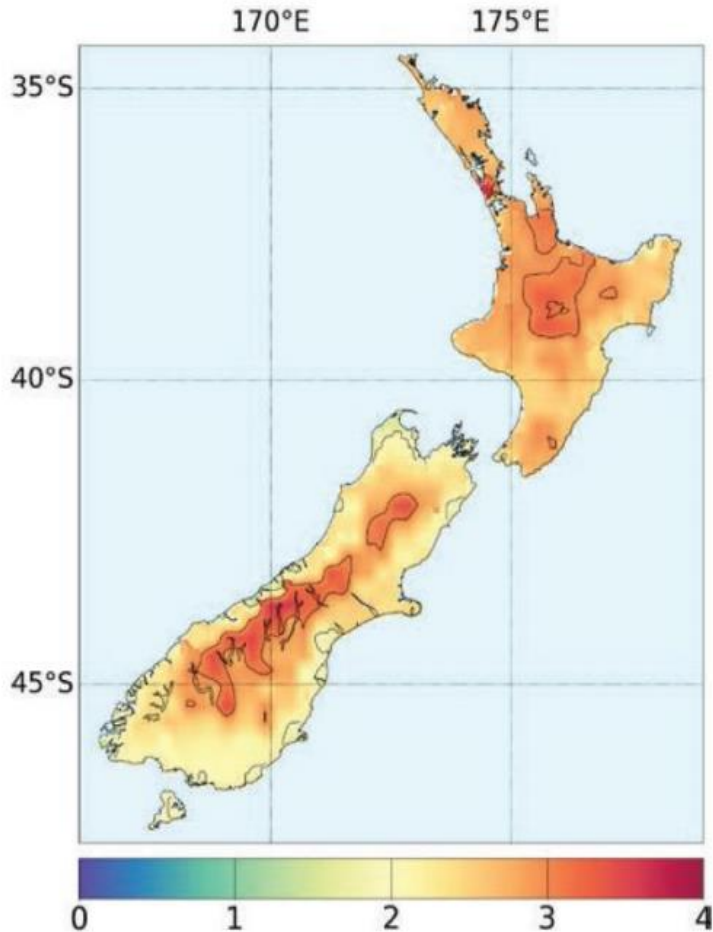
Water Technical Advisory Group Meeting

8 May 2018
Michelle Lee

Climate pattern

Southern Oscillation Index from 1930-2014





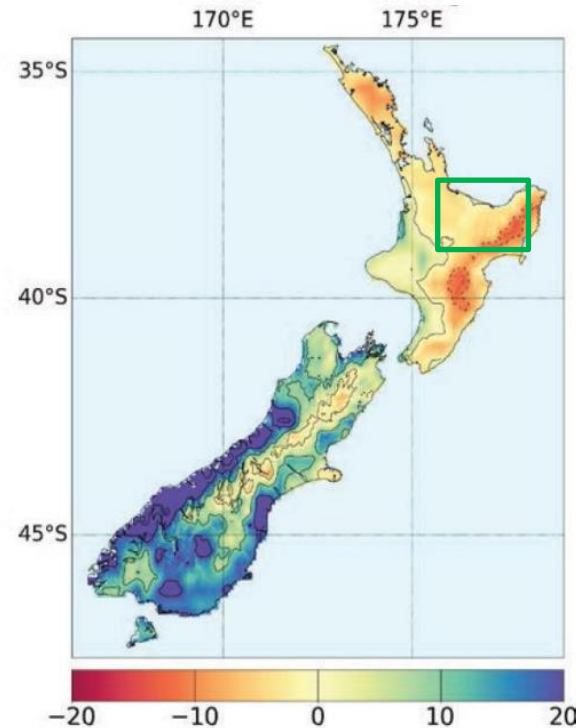
BoP climate projection

- Annual rainfall roughly the same
- Frequency of rainy days roughly the same
- Rainfall intensity likely to increase
- Warmer Temperature
- More hot days warmer than 25°C
- Fewer frosts
- Summer easterlies, Winter westerlies
- Sea level – planning for 0.9m by 2112

Average change in temperature (°C) by 2090 under RCP8.5

Annual average rainfall changes by 2090

Under a low emissions scenario (left) and a high emissions scenario (right) compared to the 1995 baseline



Red = dryer

Yellow =
about the
same

Blue = wetter

www.mfe.govt.nz, 2017



Glass half full

- Warmer, therefore:
 - **longer growing season**
 - **fewer frost allows new crops**
 - **holiday destination**
- Projected annual rainfall is similar
- Number of rainy days roughly the same*
- Renewable electricity: hydro and geothermal



Glass half empty

- Storm events more intense
- Flooding & erosion risks
- Agriculture emission an unique challenge
- Indigenous eco-system under pressure
- Warmer – Lake more algal blooms
- Vulnerable estuaries
- Biosecurity – invasive pests and weeds
- Range of trout reduced
- Sea-level rise and coastal settlement



CLIMATE EFFECTS

INTERNATIONAL

Climate Change (Past)

Climate Change (Future)

Climate Cycles (Past and Future)

IPCC 2007 (AR4), 2014 (AR5)
CLIMATE CHANGE

NATIONAL

NIWA
High Intensity
Rainfall Design
System
(upgrade) 2018

UoW, NIWA
Storm-tide
propagation in
Tauranga
Harbour 2018-

MFE 2008
Climate change effects and
impact assessment: a
guidance manual for local
government in New Zealand

Temp, RF

MFE 2008a
Coastal hazards and climate
change: a guidance manual
for local government in
New Zealand

SLR

MFE 2010
Tools for estimating the
effects of climate change on
flood flow: a guidance
manual for local government
in New Zealand

Flood risk

NIWA 2011
Coastal adaptation to
climate change -
Pathways to change

SLR

Bay of
Plenty
Community
Carbon
Footprint
2015/16
2017

LGNZ
Local Govt
Leaders' Climate
Change
Declaration 2017

Westpac
Climate change
Impact Report
2018

MFE 2008b
Preparing for
climate change

Temp, RF

MFE 2009
Preparing for
coastal change

SLR

MFE 2010a
Preparing for
future flooding

Flood risk

CCII
Climate
change in
Lowlands
Kaituna
2017

SCION
Climate
Change in
Rangitaiki
2018-

REGIONAL

NIWA 2013
The climate and
weather of the Bay of
Plenty (1981-2010)

Wind, RF, Temp,
sunshine, storms, swell

NIWA 2003
The climate of the
Bay of Plenty: past
and future

RF, Temp, wind

NIWA 2006
Impacts on Climate
Change of coastal
margins of the
Bay of Plenty

SLR

ECL 2006
Biotic Effects of
Climate Change in
the Bay of Plenty

Biosecurity,
biodiversity,
economic land use

NIWA 2011
An updated climate
change assessment
for the
Bay of Plenty

Temp, RF, wind,
drought, pasture
growth

NIWA 2014
Assessment of
effects of large scale
climate oscillations on
the flood risk in the
Bay of Plenty

IPO, ENSO, SAM, IOD

APPLICATION

SOLGM
Climate change & Local
Government

LGA

CDEMA

BA

BOPRC Policies and Guidelines:

- Position Statement on Climate Change (LTP)
- Regional Policy Statement National Hazards
- Coastal Policy Statement (CPS)
- Coastal Environment Plan
- Infrastructure Strategy
- Asset Management Plan (AMP)
- Stormwater Guidelines
- Hydrologic and Hydraulic Guidelines

[Climate Effects Consolidated Report for River Scheme Sustainability Project 2015](#)

BOPRC Projects:

- River Scheme Sustainability
- Water Programme
- Spatial Plan

KEY:

- SLR = Sea Level Rise
- RF = Rainfall
- IPO = Interdecadal Pacific Oscillation
- ENSO = El Nino Southern Oscillation
- SAM = Southern Annular Mode
- IOD = Indian Ocean Dipole
- SOLGM = Society of Local Government Managers
- LGA = Local Government Act

Climate change effects

some examples related to water resource...

- Cyclone intensity
- Extreme events
- Flood vulnerability
- Evapotranspiration
- Hydrologic balance
- Water cycle process
- Soil salinization
- Water resource availability
- Drought severity
- Food security
- Variability
- Water logging
- Water fluxes
- Sea level



Adaptive measures around the world...

- » Integrated water resource management policies
- » Hydro-Economic analysis
- » Adaptive water governance
- » “Climate proofing” water resources development policy
- » Local water governance
- » Rural groundwater market
- » Industrial water management
- » Drip irrigation
- » Stormwater reuse



Questions

What are the reasonably foreseeable impacts of climate change?

How do we improve our knowledge about the health of our rivers and lakes under climate change?

What information can help us build our resilience in the changing climate?



Thank you!



What is the change?

NZ climate projections <http://ofcnz.niwa.co.nz>

Future temperature extremes web tool <http://futureextremes.cci.org.nz/>

Bay of Plenty <http://www.boprc.govt.nz/residents-and-communities/climate-change/>

