Sector Definition & Rule NDAs



The 'Straw Men'

Current Options for Rule NDAs

Opt A. Two sectors (current proposal)

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- Drystock @ 13 NDA 16,125 ha
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- Dairy @ 35 NDA <u>5,050 ha</u>

21,175 ha

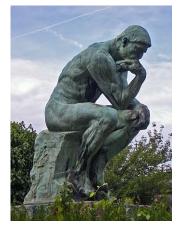
Opt B. Three sectors (addition of Dairy Support sector)

- Drystock @ 12 NDA 13,375 ha

– Dairy Support @ 18 NDA2,750 ha

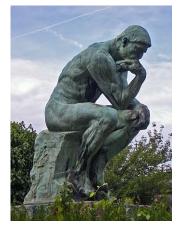
- Dairy @ 35 NDA <u>5,050 ha</u>

21,175 ha



Considerations

- 1. We have already adopted the principle of **differential sector allocations** forestry, bush and scrub at 2.8-4.0 kgN/ha; dairy at 35; drystock at 13. Main rationales are existing **capital investment in infrastructure**, and **viable farming** for specific sectors in the catchment.
- 2. Adding a third pastoral sector for DSupp adds both inequity and complexity
 - What will define whether a property is drystock or dairy support?
 - How accurate is our DSupp database, or information on blocks of 0.4 40ha? The distribution will have changed significantly since 2001-2004
 - How do we deal with different dairy support systems? Some properties may be DSupp
 to dairy cows for only 1-2 mths over winter; others 12mth contract graziers, etc

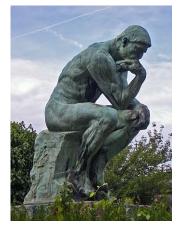


Considerations

We have already adopted differential sector allocations – forestry, bush and scrub at 2.8 4.0 kgN/ha; dairy at 35; drystock at 13. This is based mainly on existing capital investment in infrastructure, but also to maintain viable farming for specific sectors in the catchment.

2. Adding a third pastoral sector for DSupp adds both inequity and complexity

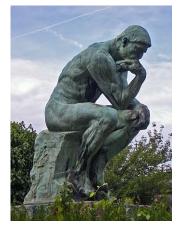
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Considerations

3. Infrastructure requirements for dairy support will not differ significantly from that available on most drystock properties – why then should DSupp properties be treated differentially from other drystock?

4. Should the grazing of dairy support stock from inside the catchment be treated differently from stock originating outside the Lake Rotorua catchment?



Consideration

3. Infrastructure requirements for dairy support will not differ significantly from that available on most drystock properties – why then should DSupp properties be treated differentially from other drystock?

4. Should the grazing of dairy support stock from **inside** the catchment be treated differently from stock originating **outside** the Lake Rotorua catchment?



Is there a third option?

'Third Option' - basics

- 1. Take the existing dairy support increment (44 tN) from Drystock and add back into Dairy
- 2. Retains only two sectors
 - -5,050 ha Dairy at 38 NDA (incl. DSupp) 35 + 3 = 38 NDA
 - 16,125 ha Drystock at 12 NDA (no DSupp) 13 1 = 12 NDA
- Require that NDAs shift with the stock irrespective of whether grazier is inside or outside the catchment
 - Restricts milking platform average to 35 NDA
 - DSupp graziers within catchment are enabled to accept stock from inside the catchment (but discouraged from grazing stock originating outside)

'Third Option' - rationale

DSupp increment shifts with DSupp stock

- irrespective of whether grazier is inside or outside the catchment
- 1. Fewer sectors, less complexity
- 2. Avoids difficulties with identification of DSupp properties
- 2. Offers **flexibility** to **deal with different dairy support systems**. Enables NDA to shift with cows and/or younger stock, and for **variable time periods**
- 3. ** Avoids the inequity of a higher NDA allocation to 2,750 ha (18 NDA) relative to the 13,375ha remaining drystock (12 NDA)
- 4. Discourages the import of DSupp from outside the catchment
- 5. Side-steps the 'small holdings' issue
 - a. 0.4 40ha all get 12 NDA (but can receive DSupp NDA increment in addition)
 - b. Administer via 'look-up' tables (not *Overseer*)

'Third Option': How could that look?

16,125 ha

Drystock

12 NDA

Can accept NDAs from Dairy to enable Dairy Support grazing in addition

5,050 ha

Dairy Milking Platform

Must shift with the stock

35 NDA

Dairy Support Increment

15,150 kgN / 6kgN = **2,525 ha** @ 18 NDA



Dairy Support Increment 3 NDA

Must shift with the stock

5,050 ha x 3 NDA = 15,150 kgN/ha

Total Dairy

38 NDA

Derivation of coefficients

Base Data

				OLD FIGURES?	
BASE DATA	est. ROTAN ha	est. ROTAN coeff	kgN	Rule 11 coeff	Rule 11 ha
Dairy Support (estimated coefficient)	2,750	29.00	79,750	26.39	2,130
Drystock & Lifestyle (16,125ha less Dairy Support)	13,375	12.93	172,950	12.94	7,555
Drystock/DSupp/Lifestyle merged	16,125	15.67	252,700	16.85	9,685
Dairy	5,050	54.06	273,000	49.44	4,525
How many actual hectares will be in the programme?	21,175	24.83	525,700		14,210
less Rules Reduction			140,000		
RULES TARGET			385,700		

Option C: Step 1

Derive 'revised' ROTAN based coefficients

DERIVATION OF REVISED 'ROTAN' COEFFICIENTS (12.93, 16.07 & 62.81)			
	Area	Derived coeff.	t N
Drystock/DSupp/Lifestyle merged	16,125		
less Dairy Support (estimated coefficient)	2,750	29.00	79,750
Drystock & Lifestyle (16,125ha less Dairy Support)	13,375	12.93	172,950
		Suggest 13	252,700
Derived Dairy Support Increment	2,750	16.07	44,190
Dairy	5,050	54.06	273,000
Dairy	5,050	62.81	317,190
		Suggest 63	

Option C: Step 2

Validate reductions achieved with revised NDAs

PROPOSE REVISED 'ROTAN' COEFFICIENTS AT 63 & 13,			
	Area	Derived coeff.	t N
	16,125	13.00	209,625
	5,050	63.00	318,150
cf. ROTAN figure of 525,700			527,775
		Revised NDAs	
Drystock (less Dairy Support)	16,125	12.00	193,500
Dairy (incl. DSupp increment)	5,050	38.00	191,900
cf. Rules Target of 385,700			385,400